## BILL REQUEST - CODE REVISER'S OFFICE

BILL REQ. #: S-0102.1/19

ATTY/TYPIST: AI:akl

BRIEF DESCRIPTION: Concerning design-build contracts.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to design-build contracts; amending RCW
- 2 39.10.250, 39.10.270, 39.10.300, 39.10.330, and 39.10.470; and
- 3 reenacting and amending RCW 39.10.210 and 42.56.270.

- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 39.10.210 and 2014 c 42 s 1 are each reenacted and 6 amended to read as follows:
  - Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 9 (1) "Alternative public works contracting procedure" means the design-build, general contractor/construction manager, and job order contracting procedures authorized in RCW 39.10.300, 39.10.340, and 39.10.420, respectively.
- 13 (2) "Board" means the capital projects advisory review board.
- 14 (3) "Certified public body" means a public body certified to use 15 design-build or general contractor/construction manager contracting 16 procedures, or both, under RCW 39.10.270.
- 17 (4) "Committee," unless otherwise noted, means the project review committee.
- 19 (5) "Design-build procedure" means a contract between a public 20 body and another party in which the party agrees to both design and

build the facility, portion of the facility, or other item specified
in the contract.

- (6) "Disadvantaged business enterprise" means any business entity certified with the office of minority and women's business enterprises under chapter 39.19 RCW.
- (7) "General contractor/construction manager" means a firm with which a public body has selected to provide services during the design phase and negotiated a maximum allowable construction cost to act as construction manager and general contractor during the construction phase.
- (8) "Heavy civil construction project" means a civil engineering project, the predominant features of which are infrastructure improvements.
  - (9) "Job order contract" means a contract in which the contractor agrees to a fixed period, indefinite quantity delivery order contract which provides for the use of negotiated, definitive work orders for public works as defined in RCW 39.04.010.
  - (10) "Job order contractor" means a registered or licensed contractor awarded a job order contract.
  - (11) "Maximum allowable construction cost" means the maximum cost of the work to construct the project including a percentage for risk contingency, negotiated support services, and approved change orders.
  - (12) "Negotiated support services" means items a general contractor would normally manage or perform on a construction project including, but not limited to surveying, hoisting, safety enforcement, provision of toilet facilities, temporary heat, cleanup, and trash removal, and that are negotiated as part of the maximum allowable construction cost.
- (13) "Percent fee" means the percentage amount to be earned by the general contractor/construction manager as overhead and profit.
- (14) "Price-related factor" means an evaluation factor that impacts costs which may include, but is not limited to overhead and profit, lump sum or guaranteed maximum price for the entire or a portion of the project, operating costs, or other similar factors that may apply to the project.
- 36 <u>(15)</u> "Public body" means any general or special purpose 37 government in the state of Washington, including but not limited to 38 state agencies, institutions of higher education, counties, cities, 39 towns, ports, school districts, and special purpose districts.

- 1 (((15))) (16) "Public works project" means any work for a public body within the definition of "public work" in RCW 39.04.010.
- 3 (((16))) (17) "Small business entity" means a small business as defined in RCW 39.26.010.
  - $((\frac{17}{17}))$  (18) "Total contract cost" means the fixed amount for the detailed specified general conditions work, the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost, and the percent fee on the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost.
- 9  $((\frac{(18)}{(18)}))$  "Total project cost" means the cost of the project 10 less financing and land acquisition costs.
- (((19))) (20) "Unit price book" means a book containing specific 11 12 prices, based on generally accepted industry standards and information, where available, for various items of work to be 13 performed by the job order contractor. The prices may include: All 14 the costs of materials; labor; equipment; overhead, including bonding 15 16 costs; and profit for performing the items of work. The unit prices 17 for labor must be at the rates in effect at the time the individual work order is issued. 18
- 19  $((\frac{(20)}{(20)}))$  <u>(21)</u> "Work order" means an order issued for a definite 20 scope of work to be performed pursuant to a job order contract.
- 21 **Sec. 2.** RCW 39.10.250 and 2013 c 222 s 5 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
- 23 The committee shall:

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- (1) Certify, or renew certification for, public bodies to use design-build or general contractor/construction manager contracting procedures, or both;
- (2) Review and approve the use of the design-build or general contractor/construction manager contracting procedures on a project by project basis for public bodies that are not certified under RCW 39.10.270;
- 31 (3) ((Review and approve not more than fifteen projects using the 32 design-build contracting procedure by noncertified public bodies for projects that have a total project cost between two million and ten 33 million dollars. Projects must meet the criteria in RCW 39.10.300(1). 34 Where possible, the committee shall approve projects among multiple 35 public bodies. At least annually, the committee shall report to the 36 37 board regarding the committee's review procedure of these projects 38 and its recommendations for further use; and

- 1 (4)) Review and approve not more than two design-build 2 demonstration projects that include procurement of operations and 3 maintenance services for a period longer than three years.
  - Sec. 3. RCW 39.10.270 and 2017 c 211 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) A public body may apply for certification to use the design-build or general contractor/construction manager contracting procedure, or both. Once certified, a public body may use the contracting procedure for which it is certified on individual projects without seeking committee approval for a period of three years. ((Public bodies certified to use the design-build procedure are limited to no more than five projects with a total project cost between two and ten million dollars during the certification period.)) A public body seeking certification must submit to the committee an application in a format and manner as prescribed by the committee. The application must include a description of the public body's qualifications, its capital plan during the certification period, and its intended use of alternative contracting procedures.
- (2) A public body seeking certification for the design-build procedure must demonstrate successful management of at least one design-build project within the previous five years. A public body seeking certification for the general contractor/construction manager procedure must demonstrate successful management of at least one general contractor/construction manager project within the previous five years.
- (3) To certify a public body, the committee shall determine that the public body:
- (a) Has the necessary experience and qualifications to determine which projects are appropriate for using alternative contracting procedures;
- (b) Has the necessary experience and qualifications to carry out the alternative contracting procedure including, but not limited to:

  (i) Project delivery knowledge and experience; (ii) personnel with appropriate construction experience; (iii) a management plan and rationale for its alternative public works projects; (iv) demonstrated success in managing public works projects; (v) the ability to properly manage its capital facilities plan including, but not limited to, appropriate project planning and budgeting

- 1 experience; and (vi) the ability to meet requirements of this 2 chapter; and
- 3 (c) Has resolved any audit findings on previous public works 4 projects in a manner satisfactory to the committee.

- (4) The committee shall, if practicable, make its determination at the public meeting during which an application for certification is reviewed. Public comments must be considered before a determination is made. Within ten business days of the public meeting, the committee shall provide a written determination to the public body, and make its determination available to the public on the committee's web site.
- (5) The committee may revoke any public body's certification upon a finding, after a public hearing, that its use of design-build or general contractor/construction manager contracting procedures no longer serves the public interest.
- (6) The committee may renew the certification of a public body for additional three-year periods. The public body must submit an application for recertification at least three months before the initial certification expires. The committee may accept late applications, if administratively feasible, to avoid expiration of certification on a case-by-case basis. The application shall include updated information on the public body's experience and current staffing with the procedure it is applying to renew, and any other information requested in advance by the committee. The committee must review the application for recertification at a meeting held before expiration of the applicant's initial certification period. A public body must reapply for certification under the process described in subsection (1) of this section once the period of recertification expires.
- 30 (7) Certified public bodies must submit project data information 31 as required in RCW 39.10.320 and 39.10.350.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 39.10.300 and 2013 c 222 s 9 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 (1) Subject to the requirements in RCW 39.10.250, 39.10.270, or 39.10.280, public bodies may utilize the design-build procedure, including progressive design-build, for public works projects in which the total project cost is over ((ten)) two million dollars and where:

1 (a) The construction activities are highly specialized and a 2 design-build approach is critical in developing the construction 3 methodology; or

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- (b) The projects selected provide opportunity for greater innovation or efficiencies between the designer and the builder; or
- (c) Significant savings in project delivery time would be realized.
- (2) Subject to the process in RCW 39.10.270 or 39.10.280, public bodies may use the design-build procedure for parking garages, regardless of cost.
  - (3) The design-build procedure may be used for the construction or erection of portable facilities as defined in WAC 392-343-018, preengineered metal buildings, or not more than ten prefabricated modular buildings per installation site, regardless of cost and is not subject to approval by the committee.
  - (4) Except for utility projects and approved demonstration projects, the design-build procedure may not be used to procure operations and maintenance services for a period longer than three years. State agency projects that propose to use the design-build-operate-maintain procedure shall submit cost estimates for the construction portion of the project consistent with the office of financial management's capital budget requirements. Operations and maintenance costs must be shown separately and must not be included as part of the capital budget request.
  - (5) ((Subject to the process in RCW 39.10.280, public bodies may use the design-build procedure for public works projects in which the total project cost is between two million and ten million dollars and that meet one of the criteria in subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c) of this section.
- 30 (6)) Subject to the process in RCW 39.10.280, a public body may seek committee approval for a design-build demonstration project that includes procurement of operations and maintenance services for a period longer than three years.
- 34 **Sec. 5.** RCW 39.10.330 and 2014 c 19 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) Contracts for design-build services shall be awarded through 37 a competitive process using public solicitation of proposals for 38 design-build services. The public body shall publish at least once in 39 a legal newspaper of general circulation published in, or as near as Code Rev/AI:akl 6 S-0102.1/19

possible to, that part of the county in which the public work will be done, a notice of its request for qualifications from proposers for design-build services, and the availability and location of the request for proposal documents. The request for qualifications documents shall include:

- (a) A ((general)) description of the project ((that provides sufficient information for proposers to submit qualifications)) including the estimated design-build contract value and the intended use of the project;
  - (b) The reasons for using the design-build procedure;
- (c) A description of the qualifications to be required of the proposer ((including, but not limited to, submission of the proposer's accident prevention program));
- (d) A description of the process the public body will use to evaluate qualifications and finalists' proposals, including evaluation factors and the relative weight of factors and any specific forms to be used by the proposers;
- (i) Evaluation factors for ((request for)) qualifications shall include(( $\tau$  but not be limited to,)) technical qualifications, such as specialized experience and technical competence of the firms and the key design and construction personnel; ((eapability)) capacity to perform; ((past performance of the proposers' team, including the architect-engineer and construction members)) ability to provide a performance and payment bond for the project; and other appropriate factors. Evaluation factors may also include((: (A))), but are not limited to, the proposer's past performance in utilization of small business entities(( $\tau$ )) and (((B))) disadvantaged business enterprises. Cost or price-related factors are not permitted in the request for qualifications phase;
- (ii) Evaluation factors for finalists' proposals shall include the management plan to meet time and budget requirements and one or more price-related factors. Evaluation factors may also include, but not be limited to, ((the factors listed in (d)(i) of this subsection, as well as technical approach design concept; ability of professional personnel; past performance on similar projects; ability to meet time and budget requirements; ability to provide a performance and payment bond for the project; recent, current, and projected workloads of the firm; location; and cost or price-related factors that may include operating costs. The public body may also consider a proposer's)) the technical approach, design concept, and the outreach plan to include

- small business entities and disadvantaged business enterprises as <br/>
  subconsultants, subcontractors, and suppliers for the project((-<br/>
  Alternatively, if the public body determines that all finalists will <br/>
  be capable of producing a design that adequately meets project <br/>
  requirements, the public body may award the contract to the firm that <br/>
  submits the responsive proposal with the lowest price));
  - (e) Protest procedures including time limits for filing a protest, which in no event may limit the time to file a protest to fewer than four business days from the date the proposer was notified of the selection decision;
    - (f) The ((form of the)) proposed contract ((to be awarded));
  - (g) The honorarium to be paid to finalists submitting responsive proposals and who are not awarded a design-build contract;
    - (h) The schedule for the procurement process and the project; and
    - (i) Other information relevant to the project.

- (2) The public body shall establish an evaluation committee to evaluate the responses to the request for qualifications based solely on the factors, weighting, and process identified in the request for qualifications and any addenda issued by the public body. Based on the evaluation committee's findings, the public body shall select not more than five responsive and responsible finalists to submit proposals. The public body may, in its sole discretion, reject all proposals and shall provide its reasons for rejection in writing to all proposers.
- (3) The public body must notify all proposers of the finalists selected to move to the next phase of the selection process. The process may not proceed to the next phase until two business days after all proposers are notified of the committee's selection decision. At the request of a proposer not selected as a finalist, the public body must provide the requesting proposer with a scoring summary of the evaluation factors for its proposal. Proposers filing a protest on the selection of the finalists must file the protest in accordance with the published protest procedures. The selection process may not advance to the next phase of selection until two business days after the final protest decision is transmitted to the protestor.
- 37 (4) Upon selection of the finalists, the public body shall issue 38 a request for proposals to the finalists((, which shall provide the 39 following information)). The request for proposal documents shall 40 include:

(a) ((A detailed description of the project including programmatic, performance, and technical requirements and specifications; functional and operational elements; building performance goals and validation requirements; minimum and maximum net and gross areas of any building; and, at the discretion of the public body, preliminary engineering and architectural drawings; and

- (b) The target budget for the design-build portion of the project)) Any specific forms to be used by the finalists; and
- (b) Submission of a summary of the finalist's accident prevention program and an overview of its implementation.
- (5) The public body shall establish an evaluation committee to evaluate the proposals submitted by the finalists. ((Design-build contracts shall be awarded using the procedures in (a) or (b) of this subsection. The public body must identify in the request for qualifications which procedure will be used.
- (a))) The finalists' proposals shall be evaluated and scored based solely on the factors, weighting, and process identified in the ((initial)) request for qualifications, the request for proposals, and in any addenda published by the public body. Public bodies may request best and final proposals from finalists. The public body may initiate negotiations with the ((firm)) finalist submitting the highest scored proposal. If the public body is unable to execute a contract with the ((firm)) finalist submitting the highest scored proposal, negotiations with that ((firm)) finalist may be suspended or terminated and the public body may proceed to negotiate with the next highest scored ((firm)) finalist. Public bodies shall continue in accordance with this procedure until a contract agreement is reached or the selection process is terminated.
- (((b) If the public body determines that all finalists are capable of producing a design that adequately meets project requirements, the public body may award the contract to the firm that submits the responsive proposal with the lowest price.))
- (6) The public body shall notify all finalists of the selection decision and make a selection summary of the final proposals available to all proposers within two business days of such notification. If the public body receives a timely written protest from a finalist firm, the public body may not execute a contract until two business days after the final protest decision is transmitted to the protestor. The protestor must submit its protest in accordance with the published protest procedures.

1 (7) The firm awarded the contract shall provide a performance and 2 payment bond for the contracted amount.

- (8) The public body shall provide appropriate honorarium payments to finalists submitting responsive proposals that are not awarded a design-build contract. Honorarium payments shall be sufficient to generate meaningful competition among potential proposers on design-build projects. In determining the amount of the honorarium, the public body shall ((consider)) recognize the level of effort required to meet the selection criteria.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 39.10.470 and 2014 c 19 s 2 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
  - (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, all proceedings, records, contracts, and other public records relating to alternative public works transactions under this chapter shall be open to the inspection of any interested person, firm, or corporation in accordance with chapter 42.56 RCW.
  - (2) Trade secrets, as defined in RCW 19.108.010, or other proprietary information submitted by a bidder, offeror, or contractor in connection with an alternative public works transaction under this chapter shall not be subject to chapter 42.56 RCW if the bidder, offeror, or contractor specifically states in writing the reasons why protection is necessary, and identifies the data or materials to be protected.
  - (3) ((Proposals submitted by design-build finalists)) All documents related to a procurement under RCW 39.10.330 are exempt from disclosure until the notification of the highest scoring finalist is made in accordance with RCW 39.10.330(((5))) (6) or the selection process is terminated, except as expressly required under RCW 39.10.330(3).
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 42.56.270 and 2018 c 201 s 8008, 2018 c 196 s 21, and 2018 c 4 s 9 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- The following financial, commercial, and proprietary information is exempt from disclosure under this chapter:
- 34 (1) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, computer source code or 35 object code, and research data obtained by any agency within five 36 years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce 37 private gain and public loss;

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(2) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (a) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 ((or)); (b) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070; or (c) alternative public works contracting procedures as required by RCW 39.10.200 through 39.10.905;

- (3) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided under chapters 43.163 and 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects under RCW 43.23.035;
- (4) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.325, 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency;
- (5) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW;
- (6) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information;
  - (7) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120;
- (8) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW;
- (9) Financial and commercial information requested by the public stadium authority from any person or organization that leases or uses the stadium and exhibition center as defined in RCW 36.102.010;
- (10)(a) Financial information, including but not limited to account numbers and values, and other identification numbers supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity related to an application for a horse racing license submitted pursuant to RCW 67.16.260(1)(b), marijuana producer, processor, or retailer license, liquor license, gambling license, or lottery retail license;

(b) Internal control documents, independent auditors' reports and financial statements, and supporting documents: (i) Of house-banked social card game licensees required by the gambling commission pursuant to rules adopted under chapter 9.46 RCW; or (ii) submitted by tribes with an approved tribal/state compact for class III gaming;

- (11) Proprietary data, trade secrets, or other information that relates to: (a) A vendor's unique methods of conducting business; (b) data unique to the product or services of the vendor; or (c) determining prices or rates to be charged for services, submitted by any vendor to the department of social and health services or the health care authority for purposes of the development, acquisition, or implementation of state purchased health care as defined in RCW 41.05.011;
- 14 (12)(a) When supplied to and in the records of the department of commerce:
  - (i) Financial and proprietary information collected from any person and provided to the department of commerce pursuant to RCW 43.330.050(8); and
  - (ii) Financial or proprietary information collected from any person and provided to the department of commerce or the office of the governor in connection with the siting, recruitment, expansion, retention, or relocation of that person's business and until a siting decision is made, identifying information of any person supplying information under this subsection and the locations being considered for siting, relocation, or expansion of a business;
  - (b) When developed by the department of commerce based on information as described in (a)(i) of this subsection, any work product is not exempt from disclosure;
  - (c) For the purposes of this subsection, "siting decision" means the decision to acquire or not to acquire a site;
    - (d) If there is no written contact for a period of sixty days to the department of commerce from a person connected with siting, recruitment, expansion, retention, or relocation of that person's business, information described in (a)(ii) of this subsection will be available to the public under this chapter;
  - (13) Financial and proprietary information submitted to or obtained by the department of ecology or the authority created under chapter 70.95N RCW;
- 39 (14) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and 40 research information and data submitted to or obtained by the life Code Rev/AI:akl 12 S-0102.1/19

- sciences discovery fund authority in applications for, or delivery of, grants under chapter 43.350 RCW, to the extent that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in private loss to the providers of this information;
- 5 (15) Financial and commercial information provided as evidence to 6 the department of licensing as required by RCW 19.112.110 or 7 19.112.120, except information disclosed in aggregate form that does 8 not permit the identification of information related to individual 9 fuel licensees;
- 10 (16) Any production records, mineral assessments, and trade 11 secrets submitted by a permit holder, mine operator, or landowner to 12 the department of natural resources under RCW 78.44.085;

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- (17) (a) Farm plans developed by conservation districts, unless permission to release the farm plan is granted by the landowner or operator who requested the plan, or the farm plan is used for the application or issuance of a permit;
- 17 (b) Farm plans developed under chapter 90.48 RCW and not under 18 the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq., are subject 19 to RCW 42.56.610 and 90.64.190;
- 20 (18) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by a health sciences and services authority in applications for, or delivery of, grants under RCW 35.104.010 through 35.104.060, to the extent that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in private loss to providers of this information;
- 26 (19) Information gathered under chapter 19.85 RCW or RCW 34.05.328 that can be identified to a particular business;
- (20) Financial and commercial information submitted to or 28 29 obtained by the University of Washington, other than information the university is required to disclose under RCW 28B.20.150, when the 30 31 information relates to investments in private funds, to the extent 32 that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in loss to the University of Washington consolidated endowment 33 fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this 34 35 information;
- 36 (21) Market share data submitted by a manufacturer under RCW 37 70.95N.190(4);
- 38 (22) Financial information supplied to the department of 39 financial institutions or to a portal under RCW 21.20.883, when filed 40 by or on behalf of an issuer of securities for the purpose of Code Rev/AI:akl 13 S-0102.1/19

- obtaining the exemption from state securities registration for small securities offerings provided under RCW 21.20.880 or when filed by or on behalf of an investor for the purpose of purchasing such securities;
- 5 (23) Unaggregated or individual notices of a transfer of crude 6 oil that is financial, proprietary, or commercial information, 7 submitted to the department of ecology pursuant to RCW 8 90.56.565(1)(a), and that is in the possession of the department of 9 ecology or any entity with which the department of ecology has shared 10 the notice pursuant to RCW 90.56.565;

- (24) Financial institution and retirement account information, and building security plan information, supplied to the liquor and cannabis board pursuant to RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and 69.50.345, when filed by or on behalf of a licensee or prospective licensee for the purpose of obtaining, maintaining, or renewing a license to produce, process, transport, or sell marijuana as allowed under chapter 69.50 RCW;
- (25) Marijuana transport information, vehicle and driver identification data, and account numbers or unique access identifiers issued to private entities for traceability system access, submitted by an individual or business to the liquor and cannabis board under the requirements of RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and 69.50.345 for the purpose of marijuana product traceability. Disclosure to local, state, and federal officials is not considered public disclosure for purposes of this section;
- (26) Financial and commercial information submitted to or obtained by the retirement board of any city that is responsible for the management of an employees' retirement system pursuant to the authority of chapter 35.39 RCW, when the information relates to investments in private funds, to the extent that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in loss to the retirement fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this information except that (a) the names and commitment amounts of the private funds in which retirement funds are invested and (b) the aggregate quarterly performance results for a retirement fund's portfolio of investments in such funds are subject to disclosure;
- (27) Proprietary financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the liquor and cannabis board in applications for marijuana research licenses under RCW 69.50.372, or in reports submitted by marijuana Code Rev/AI:akl

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research licensees in accordance with rules adopted by the liquor and cannabis board under RCW 69.50.372;

- (28) Trade secrets, technology, proprietary information, and financial considerations contained in any agreements or contracts, entered into by a licensed marijuana business under RCW 69.50.395, which may be submitted to or obtained by the state liquor and cannabis board; ((and))
- (29) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the Andy Hill cancer research endowment program in applications for, or delivery of, grants under chapter 43.348 RCW, to the extent that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in private loss to providers of this information; and
- 14 (30) Proprietary information filed with the department of health 15 under chapter 69.48 RCW.

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