# Maneuvering Grants in a Contracts World

WACS - March 4, 2021

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## Introduction

#### Me

- State Grant Coordinator
- Federal Grant Coordinator
- Federal Grant Manager
- Contract Specialist

#### You

- Role under grant umbrella?
  - None
  - Minimal
    - ▶ added a contract # to a grant agreement
  - Assist with grant management
    - Subaward development
    - Subrecipient monitoring
  - ▶ Perform functions of a grant manager
    - Submit application
    - ► Report writing/submission

### **Disclaimers**

#### **Grants**

- ▶ Definitions are far from clear cut or all-encompassing
- Numerous types of grants from different agencies and for different purposes
- ► This presentation will focus mainly on federal grants
- ► Federal government alone offers nearly 1,000 different grant programs; distributed by 26 agencies

The answer to most questions:

It Depends!

# Contract VS.

- Usually procured through competition or an allowed exception to competition
- A voluntary, legally binding agreement signed by two or more parties
- Legal and financial repercussions in case of failure

## **Grant**

- A financial award given to a qualified recipient for a designated/specific purpose that furthers the mission of the awarding agency on the basis of merit or need
- Reasonable hopes that the task can be accomplished but there will be no legal repercussions in case of failure as long as no laws are broken
- Recipients may decide specific activities/project as long as the project meets the intent of the grant
- Funding is usually through cost reimbursement of activities and purchases spent for grant purposes
- May require receiving entity to provide 'match'
- Requires compliance with grantor's laws, regulations, policies, etc.

## **Grants - Introduction**

- Grantors
- Classification
- Types
- Life Cycle
- Agency Roles
- Requirements

### Grantors

- ► Federal government
- ► State government
- Private entities

### Classifications

- Direct grant: recipient receives money directly
- Pass-Through: awarded to an entity which in turn distributes the funds to other participants (subrecipients)

# Types

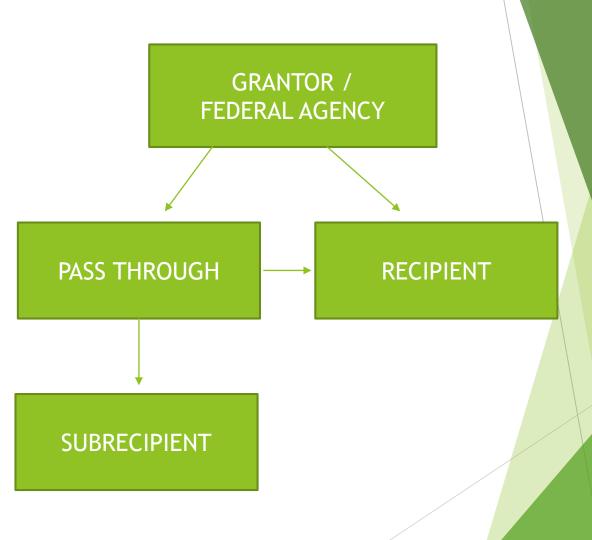
- ▶ Discretionary/Project/Competitive: for a specific project or area of research. Usually for science, education, technology communities
- ► Categorical: for more specific, precise, and spelled-out purposes. Some require recipients/subrecipients to provide a 'match'.
  - ► Block: Comprised of smaller, categorical grants. Often for large-scale community projects and maintenance
  - Mandatory/Formula: distributed as predefined by law based on factors like population, poverty level, taxes
- ► Earmark: appropriated by Congress for very specific purposes

Life Cycle - 3 main phases
(Pre-Award, Award, Post-Award)



# Agency Roles

- Pass Through Entity
- Recipient
- Subrecipient



### Sidebar:

# Subrecipient

- An entity that receives a subaward from a pass-through entity to carry out part of a Federal program; but does not include an individual that is a beneficiary of such program.
- A subrecipient may also be a recipient of other Federal awards directly from a Federal awarding agency.
- Usually another governmental entity

# Vs. Contractor

According to the Uniform Grant Guidance: An entity that receives a contract as defined in § 200.22 Contract of the OMB Uniform Grant Guidance: receives a contract for commodity or services under an agreement that does not meet the definition of a subaward.

# Requirements / Compliance

- ► Federal Administrative Law
  - ► 2 CFR § 200: Office of Management and Budget's (Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Grants (Uniform Guidance)
- Grant Announcement (Notice of Funding Opportunity, Announcement, Solicitations)
- Awarding Agency
- Recipient Agency Policies

### Sidebar:

# 2 CFR § 200: UNIFORM ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS, COST PRINCIPLES, AND AUDIT REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

- Streamlines and consolidates requirements for receiving and using federal awards to reduce administrative burden and improve outcomes
- ► Published December 19, 2014, and became effective for new and continuation awards issued on or after December 26, 2014
- ▶ Updated November 12, 2020
- ► For federal agencies that pass down the requirements to grant recipients

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# Roles & Responsibilities - Grant Team

- ► Grant Manager
- Project Manager
- ► Grant Coordinator
- ► Financial Staff
- ► Contract Staff

# **Grant Manager**

- Manage, supervise, lead, or perform administrative, business, policy, and analytical work across the pre-award, award, and post award phases of the grant lifecycle
- ► The Grant Manager may be an official position or a working title

# Project Manager

- Responsible for a specific project within a grant award
- Reports progress/issues to Grant Manager

## **Grant Coordinator**

Assists Grant Manager with administrative needs/requirements

### Financial Staff

- Provide budget figures for application and grant modifications
- Submit quarterly financial reports

### **Contract Staff**

Varies by agency

# Contract Specialist's Role in the Grant Cycle - *It Depends*

- ▶ Pre-Award
  - Application development
    - Market research, RFI/RFP
  - ► Application submission

# Contract Specialist's Role in the Grant Cycle - *It Depends*

- Award
  - ► Award acceptance: contracting process
  - Subrecipient agreements

# Contract Specialist's Role in the Grant Cycle - *It Depends*

- Post-Award
  - ► Grant management team
  - ► Amendments (extension, change of scope, budget)
  - Reporting
  - ► Audits
  - Federal agency monitoring
  - Subrecipient monitoring
  - Procurement
  - ► Final Report
  - ► File Disposition

#### **Best Practices**

- Determine responsibilities
- ▶ Become familiar with the grant announcement
- ▶ Become familiar with award
- Encourage establishing a Grant Management Team

Questions?